# CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

# ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 2565

Chapter 213, Laws of 2000

56th Legislature 2000 Regular Session

### ELECTRICITY PRODUCTS--FUEL MIX DISCLOSURE

EFFECTIVE DATE: 6/8/00

Passed by the House February 10, 2000 CERTIFICATE Yeas 95 Nays 2 We, Timothy A. Martin and Cynthia Zehnder, Co-Chief Clerks of the House CLYDE BALLARD of Representatives of the State of Speaker of the House of Representatives Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 2565 passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the FRANK CHOPP dates hereon set forth. Speaker of the House of Representatives TIMOTHY A. MARTIN Passed by the Senate March 2, 2000 Chief Clerk Yeas 45 Nays 0 CYNTHIA ZEHNDER Chief Clerk BRAD OWEN President of the Senate Approved March 30, 2000 FILED March 30, 2000 - 2:16 p.m. Secretary of State GARY LOCKE

Governor of the State of Washington

State of Washington

### ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 2565

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Passed Legislature - 2000 Regular Session

# State of Washington 56th Legislature 2000 Regular Session

By Representatives Poulsen, Crouse, Morris, Cooper, Radcliff, Ruderman, Reardon, Linville, Conway, Schual-Berke, Kenney, Keiser, Santos and O'Brien

Read first time 01/17/2000. Referred to Committee on Technology, Telecommunications & Energy.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to disclosure of attributes of electricity
- 2 products; amending RCW 19.29A.010; adding new sections to chapter
- 3 19.29A RCW; and creating a new section.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** (1) Consumer disclosure ensures that retail
- 6 electric consumers purchasing electric energy receive basic information
- 7 about the characteristics associated with their electric product in a
- 8 form that facilitates consumer understanding of retail electric energy
- 9 service and the development of new products responsive to consumer
- 10 preferences.
- 11 (2) The legislature finds and declares that there is a need for
- 12 reliable, accurate, and timely information regarding fuel source, that
- 13 is consistently collected, for all electricity products offered for
- 14 retail sale in Washington.
- 15 (3) The desirability and feasibility of such disclosure has been
- 16 clearly established in nutrition labeling, uniform food pricing, truth-
- 17 in-lending, and other consumer information programs.
- 18 (4) The legislature intends to establish a consumer disclosure
- 19 standard under which retail suppliers in Washington disclose

- 1 information on the fuel mix of the electricity products they sell.
- 2 Fundamental to disclosure is a label that promotes consistency in
- 3 content and format, that is accurate, reliable, and simple to
- 4 understand, and that allows verification of the accuracy of information
- 5 reported.
- 6 (5) To ensure that consumer information is verifiable and accurate,
- 7 certain characteristics of electricity generation must be tracked and
- 8 compared with information provided to consumers.
- 9 **Sec. 2.** RCW 19.29A.010 and 1998 c 300 s 2 are each amended to read 10 as follows:
- 11 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 12 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 13 (1) "Biomass generation" means electricity derived from burning
- 14 solid organic fuels from wood, forest, or field residue, or dedicated
- 15 energy crops that do not include wood pieces that have been treated
- 16 with chemical preservatives such as creosote, pentachlorophenol, or
- 17 copper-chroma-arsenic.
- 18 (2) "Bonneville power administration system mix" means a generation
- 19 mix sold by the Bonneville power administration that is net of any
- 20 resource specific sales and that is net of any electricity sold to
- 21 <u>direct service industrial customers</u>, as defined in section 3(8) of the
- 22 Pacific Northwest Electric Power Planning and Conservation Act (16
- 23 U.S.C. Sec. 839(a)(8)).
- 24 (3) "Coal generation" means the electricity produced by a 25 generating facility that burns coal as the primary fuel source.
- 26 (4) "Commission" means the utilities and transportation commission.
- $((\frac{1}{2}))$  (5) "Conservation" means an increase in efficiency in the
- 28 use of energy use that yields a decrease in energy consumption while
- 29 providing the same or higher levels of service. Conservation includes
- 30 low-income weatherization programs.
- 31  $((\frac{3}{3}))$  (6) "Consumer-owned utility" means a municipal electric
- 32 utility formed under Title 35 RCW, a public utility district formed
- 33 under Title 54 RCW, an irrigation district formed under chapter 87.03
- 34 RCW, a cooperative formed under chapter 23.86 RCW, or a mutual
- 35 corporation or association formed under chapter 24.06 RCW, that is
- 36 engaged in the business of distributing electricity to more than one
- 37 retail electric customer in the state.

- 1 ((\(\frac{4+}{1}\))) (7) "Declared resource" means an electricity source
  2 specifically identified by a retail supplier to serve retail electric
  3 customers. A declared resource includes a stated quantity of
  4 electricity tied directly to a specified generation facility or set of
  5 facilities either through ownership or contract purchase, or a
  6 contractual right to a stated quantity of electricity from a specified
  7 generation facility or set of facilities.
- 8 <u>(8)</u> "Department" means the department of community, trade, and 9 economic development.
- $((\frac{5}{1}))$  (9) "Electricity information coordinator" means the 10 organization selected by the department under section 6 of this act to: 11 (a) Compile generation data in the Northwest power pool by generating 12 project and by resource category; (b) compare the quantity of 13 14 electricity from declared resources reported by retail suppliers with available generation from such resources; (c) calculate the net system 15 power mix; and (d) coordinate with other comparable organizations in 16 the western interconnection. 17
- 18 <u>(10)</u> "Electric meters in service" means those meters that record in 19 at least nine of twelve calendar months in any calendar year not less 20 than two hundred fifty kilowatt hours per month.
- ((<del>(6)</del>)) (11) "Electricity product" means the electrical energy produced by a generating facility or facilities that a retail supplier sells or offers to sell to retail electric customers in the state of Washington, provided that nothing in this title shall be construed to mean that electricity is a good or product for the purposes of Title 62A RCW, or any other purpose. It does not include electrical energy generated on-site at a retail electric customer's premises.
- 28 <u>(12)</u> "Electric utility" means a consumer-owned or investor-owned 29 utility as defined in this section.
- $((\frac{7}{1}))$  (13) "Electricity" means electric energy measured in kilowatt hours, or electric capacity measured in kilowatts, or both.
- ((\(\frac{(\(\frac{8}{}\)}\))) (14) "Fuel mix" means the actual or imputed sources of
  electricity sold to retail electric customers, expressed in terms of
  percentage contribution by resource category. The total fuel mix
  included in each disclosure shall total one hundred percent.
- 36 (15) "Geothermal generation" means electricity derived from thermal
  37 energy naturally produced within the earth.
- 38 <u>(16)</u> "Governing body" means the council of a city or town, the commissioners of an irrigation district, municipal electric utility, or

- 1 public utility district, or the board of directors of an electric
- 2 cooperative or mutual association that has the authority to set and
- 3 approve rates.
- 4 ((<del>(9)</del>)) <u>(17) "High efficiency cogeneration" means electricity</u>
- 5 produced by equipment, such as heat or steam used for industrial,
- 6 commercial, heating, or cooling purposes, that meets the federal energy
- 7 regulatory commission standards for qualifying facilities under the
- 8 public utility regulatory policies act of 1978.
- 9 (18) "Hydroelectric generation" means a power source created when
- 10 water flows from a higher elevation to a lower elevation and the flow
- 11 is converted to electricity in one or more generators at a single
- 12 <u>facility</u>.
- 13 (19) "Investor-owned utility" means a company owned by investors
- 14 that meets the definition of RCW 80.04.010 and is engaged in
- 15 distributing electricity to more than one retail electric customer in
- 16 the state.
- 17 ((<del>(10)</del>)) <u>(20) "Landfill gas generation" means electricity produced</u>
- 18 by a generating facility that uses waste gases produced by the
- 19 <u>decomposition of organic materials in landfills.</u>
- 20 (21) "Natural gas generation" means electricity produced by a
- 21 generating facility that burns natural gas as the primary fuel source.
- 22 (22) "Northwest power pool" means the generating resources included
- 23 in the United States portion of the Northwest power pool area as
- 24 <u>defined</u> by the western systems coordinating council.
- 25 (23) "Net system power mix" means the fuel mix in the Northwest
- 26 power pool, net of: (a) Any declared resources in the Northwest power
- 27 pool identified by in-state retail suppliers or out-of-state entities
- 28 that offer electricity for sale to retail electric customers; (b) any
- 29 <u>electricity</u> sold by the Bonneville power administration to direct
- 30 <u>service industrial customers; and (c) any resource specific sales made</u>
- 31 by the Bonneville power administration.
- 32 (24) "Oil generation" means electricity produced by a generating
- 33 facility that burns oil as the primary fuel source.
- 34 (25) "Proprietary customer information" means: (a) Information
- 35 that relates to the source and amount of electricity used by a retail
- 36 electric customer, a retail electric customer's payment history, and
- 37 household data that is made available by the customer solely by virtue
- 38 of the utility-customer relationship; and (b) information contained in
- 39 a retail electric customer's bill.

- ((<del>(11)</del>)) (26) "Renewable resources" means electricity generation facilities fueled by: (a) Water; (b) wind; (c) solar energy; (d) geothermal energy; (e) landfill gas; or (f) biomass energy based on solid organic fuels from wood, forest, or field residues, or dedicated energy crops that do not include wood pieces that have been treated with chemical preservatives such as creosote, pentachlorophenol, or copper-chrome-arsenic.
- $8 \qquad ((\frac{12}{12})) \qquad (27)$  "Resale" means the purchase and subsequent sale of 9 electricity for profit, but does not include the purchase and the 10 subsequent sale of electricity at the same rate at which the 11 electricity was purchased.
- 12 (((13))) (28) "Retail electric customer" means a person or entity 13 that purchases electricity for ultimate consumption and not for resale.
- ((<del>(14)</del>)) (29) "Retail supplier" means an electric utility that offers an electricity product for sale to retail electric customers in the state.
- 17 <u>(30)</u> "Small utility" means any consumer-owned utility with twenty-18 five thousand or fewer electric meters in service, or that has an 19 average of seven or fewer customers per mile of distribution line.
- 20 ((<del>15)</del>)) (31) "Solar generation" means electricity derived from 21 radiation from the sun that is directly or indirectly converted to 22 electrical energy.
- 23 (32) "State" means the state of Washington.
- 24 (33) "Waste incineration generation" means electricity derived from
- 25 <u>burning solid or liquid wastes from businesses</u>, households,
- 26 <u>municipalities</u>, or waste treatment operations.
- 27 (34) "Wind generation" means electricity created by movement of air 28 that is converted to electrical energy.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) Beginning in 2001, each retail supplier shall provide to its existing and new retail electric customers its annual fuel mix information by generation category as required in section 4 of this act.
- 33 (2) Disclosures required under subsection (1) of this section shall 34 be provided through a disclosure label presented in a standardized 35 format as required in section 4(7) of this act.
- 36 (3) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, each 37 retail supplier shall provide the disclosure label:

- 1 (a) To each of its new retail electric customers at the time 2 service is established;
- 3 (b) To all of its existing retail electric customers, as a bill 4 insert or other mailed publication, not less than semiannually; and
- 5 (c) As part of any marketing material, in paper, written, or other 6 media format, that is used primarily to promote the sale of any 7 specific electricity product being advertised, contracted for, or 8 offered for sale to current or prospective retail electric customers.
- 9 (4) In addition to the disclosure requirements under subsection (3) 10 of this section, each retail supplier shall provide to each electric 11 customer it serves, at least two additional times per year, a 12 publication that contains either:
- 13 (a) The disclosure label;
- (b) A customer service phone number to request a disclosure label;
  or
- 16 (c) A reference to an electronic form of the disclosure label.
- (5) Small utilities and mutual light and power companies shall provide the disclosure label not less than annually through a publication that is distributed to all their retail electric customers, and have disclosure label information available in their main business office. If a small utility or mutual company engages in marketing a specific electric product new to that utility it shall provide the disclosure label described in subsection (3)(c) of this section.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) Each retail supplier shall disclose the fuel mix of each electricity product it offers to retail electric customers as follows:
- 27 (a) For an electricity product comprised entirely of declared 28 resources, a retail supplier shall disclose the fuel mix for the 29 electricity product based on the quantity of electric generation from 30 those declared resources for the previous calendar year and any 31 adjustment, if taken, available under subsection (6) of this section.
- 32 (b) For an electricity product comprised of no declared resources, 33 a retail supplier shall report the fuel mix for the electricity product 34 as the fuel mix of net system power for the previous calendar year, as 35 determined by the electricity information coordinator under section 6 36 of this act.
- 37 (c) For an electricity product comprised of a combination of 38 declared resources and the net system power, a retail supplier shall

- disclose the fuel mix for the electricity product as a weighted average of the megawatt-hours from declared resources and the megawatt-hours from the net system power mix for the previous calendar year according to the proportion of declared resources and net system power contained in the electricity product.
- 6 (2) The disclosures required by this section shall identify the 7 percentage of the total electricity product sold by a retail supplier 8 during the previous calendar year from each of the following 9 categories:
- 10 (a) Coal generation;
- 11 (b) Hydroelectric generation;
- 12 (c) Natural gas generation;
- 13 (d) Nuclear generation; and
- 14 (e) Other generation, except that when a component of the other 15 generation category meets or exceeds two percent of the total electricity product sold by a retail supplier during the previous 16 17 calendar year, the retail supplier shall identify the component or components and display the fuel mix percentages for these component 18 19 sources, which may include, but are not limited to: (i) Biomass 20 generation; (ii) geothermal generation; (iii) landfill gas generation; (iv) oil generation; (v) solar generation; (vi) waste incineration; or 21 (vii) wind generation. A retail supplier may voluntarily identify any 22 component or components within the other generation category that 23 24 comprises two percent or less of annual sales.
- 25 (3) Retail suppliers may separately report a subcategory of natural 26 gas generation to identify high efficiency cogeneration.
- (4) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, a retail supplier cannot include in the disclosure label any environmental quality or environmental impact qualifier related to any of the generation categories disclosed.
- 31 (5) For the portion of an electricity product purchased from the 32 Bonneville power administration, retail suppliers may disclose the 33 Bonneville power administration system mix.
- (6) A retail supplier may adjust its reported fuel mix for known changes in its declared resources for the current year based on any changes in its sources of electricity supply from either generation or contracts. If a retail supplier changes its fuel mix during a calendar year, it shall report those changes to the electricity information coordinator.

- (7) Disclosure of the fuel mix information required in this section 1 2 shall be made in the following uniform format: A tabular format with 3 two columns, where the first column shall alphabetically list each 4 category and the second column shall display the corresponding 5 percentage of the total that each category represents. The percentage shall be reported as a numeric value rounded to the nearest one 6 7 percent. The percentages listed for the categories identified must sum 8 to one hundred percent with the table displaying such a total.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** The department shall:
- 10 Convene a work group of interested parties to suggest modifications, if any, to the disclosure requirements required in 11 12 section 4 of this act to improve information content, readability, and consumer understanding, and to suggest modifications, if any, to the 13 14 responsibilities of the electricity information coordinator required in 15 section 6 of this act to improve the accuracy and efficiency of the 16 tracking process. If the department serves as the electricity information coordinator, these evaluation and reporting requirements 17 18 relative to the responsibilities of the electricity information 19 coordinator and the tracking process shall be assigned to an independent third party; 20
- 21 (2) Invite interested parties, including but not limited to 22 representatives from investor-owned utilities, consumer-owned 23 utilities, the commission, the attorney general's office, consumer 24 advocacy groups, and the environmental community to participate in the 25 work group convened in subsection (1) of this section; and
- 26 (3) Submit to the legislature no later than December 1, 2003, a 27 report with suggested modifications, if any, to the disclosure 28 requirements and responsibilities of the electricity information 29 coordinator, as referred to in subsection (1) of this section.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. (1) For the purpose of selecting the 30 electricity information coordinator, the department shall form a work 31 32 group of interested parties. The department shall invite interested 33 parties, including, but not limited to, representatives from investorowned utilities, consumer-owned utilities, the commission, the attorney 34 35 general's office, consumer advocacy groups, and the environmental 36 community to participate in the work group. In the event an 37 appropriate regional entity is not selected by November 1, 2000, the

- department shall serve as the electricity information coordinator after notifying the committees of the senate and house of representatives with jurisdiction over energy matters.
- 4 (2) The department may receive any lawful gifts, grants, or 5 endowments from public or private sources that are made from time to 6 time, in trust or otherwise, for the use and benefit of the department 7 in implementing this section, and may spend such gifts, grants, or 8 endowments for the purposes of implementing this section.
- 9 (3) As a condition for an appropriate regional entity to be 10 selected under this section to serve as the electricity information 11 coordinator, it must agree to compile the following information:
- 12 (a) Actual generation by fuel mix in the Northwest power pool for 13 the prior calendar year, expressed in megawatt hours. This data will 14 be compiled as it becomes available.

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- (b) Adjustments to the actual generation for the prior calendar year that are known and provided to the electricity information coordinator by the end of January of the current calendar year to reflect known changes in declared resources for the current year and changes due to interconnection of new generating resources or decommissioning or sale of existing resources or contracts. These adjustments shall include supporting documentation.
- (c) The amount of electricity from declared resources that retail suppliers will identify in their fuel mix disclosures during the current calendar year. Retail suppliers shall make this data available by the end of January each year.
- 26 (4) Retail suppliers shall make available upon request the 27 following information to support the ownership or contractual rights to 28 declared resources:
- 29 (a) Documentation of ownership of declared resources by retail 30 suppliers; or
- 31 (b) Documentation of contractual rights by retail suppliers to a 32 stated quantity of electricity from a specific generating facility.
- 33 If the documentation referred to in either (a) or (b) of this 34 subsection is not available, the retail supplier may not identify the 35 electricity source as a declared resource and instead must report the 36 net system power mix for the quantity of electric generation from that 37 resource.
- 38 (5) If the documentation referred to in either subsection (4)(a) or 39 (b) of this section is not available, the retail supplier may not

- 1 identify the electricity source as a declared resource and instead must
- 2 report the net system power mix for the quantity of electric generation
- 3 from that resource.
- 4 (6) As a condition for an appropriate regional entity to be
- 5 selected under this section to serve as the electricity information
- 6 coordinator, it must agree to:
- 7 (a) Coordinate with comparable entities or organizations in the
- 8 western interconnection;
- 9 (b) On or before May 1st of each year, or as soon thereafter as
- 10 practicable once the data in subsection (3)(a) of this section is
- 11 available, calculate and make available the net system power mix as
- 12 follows:
- 13 (i) The actual Northwest power pool generation for the prior
- 14 calendar year;
- 15 (ii) Plus any adjustments to the Northwest power pool generation as
- 16 made available to the electricity information coordinator by the end of
- 17 January of the current calendar year pursuant to section 4(6) of this
- 18 act;
- 19 (iii) Less the quantity of electricity associated with declared
- 20 resources claimed by retail suppliers for the current calendar year;
- 21 (iv) Plus other adjustments necessary to ensure that the same
- 22 resource output is not declared more than once.
- 23 (c) To the extent the information is available, verify that the
- 24 quantity of electricity associated with the declared resources does not
- 25 exceed the available generation from those resources.
- 26 (7) Subsections (3) and (6) of this section apply to the department
- 27 in the event the department assumes the functions of the electricity
- 28 information coordinator.
- 29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** Sections 3 through 6 of this act are each
- 30 added to chapter 19.29A RCW.

Passed the House February 10, 2000.

Passed the Senate March 2, 2000.

Approved by the Governor March 30, 2000.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 30, 2000.